Dimension Analysis Of Legal Political Paradigm Acceleration Of Regional Economic Growth Based On Potential Local Value

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Abstract

The Main Content In This Research Is Analyzing The Acceleration Of Local Value-Based Regional Development In Riau Islands Province, Indonesia. The Method, Which Is Used Is Normative Law Legal Research And Supported The Writing Of Sociological Law. The Library Research Using An Analytical Approach On The Basis Of Statute Approaches And At The Same Time Using A Conceptual Approach, And Supported By Primary Data Based On Interviews. Conclusion Of This Research, There Must Be A Strong Commitment From Government Officials To Hold Fast And With High Integrity In Terms Of Applying The Paradigm That Has Been Affirmed In The Constitution, Both In The Philosophy Of Paradigm Approach And In The Constitutional Of Paradigm Approach. Recommendations On The Results In The Context Of Accelerating Regional Economic Growth Based On The Potential Local Value Of The Riau Islands Province, Are Expected To Be Harmonized To Realize The Welfare State In Accordance With The Mandate That Has Been Affirmed In The Fourth Paragraph. Indonesia In 1945.

Keywords: Percency Of Development, Moving All Potential, Natural Resources, Legal Political, Potential Local Value, Regional Economic Growth.

Introduction

Investigating From The Journal Title, It Should First Be Assessed In Order To Carry Out An Analysis Of One Of The Keywords Listed In The Title Of This Journal, Namely "The Word Acceleration". In The Indonesian General Dictionary, The Word Acceleration Is Derived From The Word "Fast" (Zain, 2001), Which Means Something That Moves Fast, And In Native Malay Language Is Often Interpreted By The Word Speed Fast, Fast, And In English The Word Acceleration Is Written Acceleration. Thus The Meaning Of The Word Acceleration Is A Concrete Action Taken By A Person Or Institution, Whose Work Is Carried Out On The Power Of Fast-Paced Movements, By Optimizing All Available Sources Of Potential To Achieve A Certain Goal That Has Been Set. On The Basis Of The Understanding Of Acceleration As Described Above, That Fast-Paced Movement Must Be Patterned, Directed And Moved Linearly In A Whole Harmonious, Synergized And Interwoven System In The Development Management System And National Life System. It Should Not Be The Other Way Around That The Fast-Paced Movement Moves Without Direction, Not Patterned Let Alone Move Beyond The Existing System. If This Happens, Usually Empirical Evidence Shows The Results Are Not Optimal, Even Counterproductive And At The Same Time Inhibit The Target Of Accelerating A Predetermined Goal. In The Context Of Implementing The National Development Management System That The Goal To Be Achieved Is To Account For The National Aspirations Of The Nation And The State Of Indonesia As Mandated In The State Constitution.

Further Analysis Of The Journal Title Referred To Above Can Be Approached By Identifying Several Important Elements Contained In It, Namely: First, The Existence Of The Word Development Element. This Word Of Development, Is Not Something That Is Foreign To Most People In Indonesia, Meaning That All Layers Of The Nation's Children In This

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Republic Have Understood The Meaning And Existence Of Development Itself, Even The Meaning Of Development Is Something That Is Normal And Commonly Heard By The Government In Community Life. Relevant To The Things That Have Been Mentioned Above A Big Question For All Of Us Whether From All The Actions And Development Activities Carried Out By The Government, How Much Can Contribute To The Acceleration Of The Realization Of A Prosperous, Fair, Prosperous And Dignified Community Life System As Has Been Affirmed And Mandated Paradigmatically In The Opening Of The 1945 Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia (Idham, 2005).

Second, Is An Element Of Development Based On The Potential Of Local Values. At This Level Will Be Analyzed In An Axiological Perspective. The Analysis In This Axiological Approach Is In The Opinion Of The Author Important, Because The Axiological Approach Focuses On The "Benefits" That Will Be Achieved/Felt By The Community Related To The Development Activities In Question (Kelsey, 2018). On The Other Hand By Using These Parameters, A Big Question Arises For All Of Us, Whether All Development Activities In Riau Islands That Have Been Carried Out So Far, Have Been Carried Out By The Government On A Basis/Reference Or Based On The Potential Of Local Values That Exists And Lives In The Social Order Of Society? Moving On From The Two Elements That Have Been Qualified Above, The Writer Will Further Construct The Problem And In Parallel The Problem Will Be Analyzed In Such A Way As Described In The Section Below This Journal.

Literature Review

1.1. Potential Local Value

Development Of Potential Local Value As A Process Carried Out Jointly By Governments, Businesses And Non-Governmental Organizations To Create Better Conditions For Economic Growth And Job Creation At The Local Level (Blake, 1999). The Development Of Local Values Is A Participatory Process That Encourages Partnerships Between Business And Government And Society In Certain Regions, Which Enables Cooperation In The Design And Implementation Of Development Strategies In General, By Using Local Resources And Competitive Advantage In A Global Context, With The Ultimate Goal Of Creating Jobs Decent And Stimulating Economic Activities. Local Economic Development Is Part Of National Development, In Essence It Is A Planned Effort To Increase The Capacity Of Local Government So As To Create A Reliable And Professional Capability In Providing Services To The Community, As Well As The Ability To Manage Regional Local Economic Resources In An Efficient And Effective Manner To Progress Regional Economy And Community Welfare. Local Economic Development Is Carried Out Through The Development Of Regional Autonomy And Resource Management That Provide Opportunities For The Realization Of Good Governance. Regional Development Is Also An Effort To Empower Communities Throughout The Region So As To Create An Environment That Allows People To Enjoy A Better Quality Of Life, Progress, Peace, And At The Same Time Expand The Choices That Can Be Done By The Community For Increasing Dignity, Dignity And Self-Esteem. Each Country Carries Out Economic Development. One Measure Of The Success Of Economic Development Is Economic Growth. Almost All Countries In The World Must Carry Out Economic Development. This Is Because Economic Development Is An Effort To Realize Community Welfare.

The Role Of Local Governments In Local Economic Development Includes Expanding Opportunities, Aimed At Creating Economic, Political And Social Conditions And Environments That Enable The Poor To Have The Opportunity To Fulfill Basic Rights And Improve Living Standards In A Sustainable Manner. Community Empowerment Is Carried Out To Accelerate The Social, Political, Economic And Cultural Institutions Of The Community And Broaden The Participation Of The Poor In Public Policy Decisions That Guarantee The Honor, Protection And Fulfillment Of Basic Rights. Capacity Building, Carried Out For The Development Of Basic Abilities And The Ability To Try The Poor To Be Able To Take Advantage Of Environmental Developments. Social Protection Is Carried Out To Provide Protection And A Sense Of Security For Vulnerable Groups (Female Heads Of Households, Poor People, Elderly People, Neglected Children, Different Abilities And The Poor, Caused Among Others, Negative Impacts Of Economic Crisis, And Social Conflict Regional Partnerships Are Carried Out To Develop And Restructure Local, Regional,

National And International Relations And Cooperation To Support The Implementation Of The Above Four Strategies.

Local Economic Development Goals Is Every Local Economic Development Effort In The Region Has The Main Objective To Increase The Number And Type Of Employment Opportunities For Regional Communities. In An Effort To Achieve These Objectives, The Local Government And The Community Must Jointly Take Regional Development Initiatives. Therefore, Local Governments And Regions Along With Their Community Participation And By Using Existing Resources Must Interpret The Potential Resources Needed To Design And Develop Regional Economics. Objectives Of Local Economic Development Is The Aim Of Local Economic Development In General Is To Realize A Prosperous Local Community. To Improve The Welfare Of The Community, Development Must Be Directed At The Following Matters.

- a. Increase Inventory And Equal Distribution Of Basic Needs Of Local Communities.
- b. Improve Living Standards Including Increasing And Increasing Income And Providing Employment, Better Education, Increasing Cultural Values, And The Dignity Of Local Communities Which Will Affect The Nation.
- c. Expand The Reach Of Economic And Social Choices By Freeing Slavery, Dependence, Ignorance And Suffering.
- d. Overcoming Disparities Between Economic Actors Between The Center And The Regions
- e. To Improve The Standard Of Living, Intelligence, The More Just And Equitable Welfare Of The People And To Lay A Strong Foundation For The Next Development.
- f. Creating Efficiency And Effectiveness Of Regional Resource Management
- g. Improve The Quality Of Public Services And Community Welfare
- h. Empower And Create Space For People To Participate (Participate) In The Development Process.
- i. In The Early Stages Of Development Focused On The Economic Field With The Hope Of Influencing Other Fields.

For This Reason, In An Effort To Balance The Growth Of Various Economic Sectors Until Bidding Must Be In Accordance With Demand. For This Reason, Supervision And Regulation By The State Or Government Is Needed In Order To Achieve Balanced Growth. Because Balance Requires An Oversight Of The Production, Distribution And Consumption Of Commodities. For This Reason, The Government Must Make A Physical Supervision Plan And Fiscal And Monetary Measures That Need To Be Carried Out. These Steps Cannot Be Avoided In An Effort To Reduce Economic And Social Imbalances That Threaten Developing Countries. Overcoming Social Differences And Creating Psychological, Ideological, Social, And Political Benefits For Economic Development Is An Important Task Of The Government (Blake Et Al., 2018; Cotterrell, Et Al., 2018 And Von, 2018). Therefore The Scope Of Government Action Is Very Broad And Comprehensive.

1.2. Legal Norms Mandated

In The Methodology Approach, That The Database Is Secondary As Described By The Author In The Section Above, Especially Those Consisting Of Primary Legal Materials. The Primary Legal Material Used As The Basis For Analysis In This Journal, Namely The Values Of; All Provisions Of Legal Norms Mandated In The State Constitution, Namely The 1945 Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia; Decree Of The People's Consultative Assembly Of The Republic Of Indonesia Tap Mpr-Ri; Law/Government Regulation In Lieu Of Law/Perpu; Government Regulations; Presidential Decree; Provincial Regulation; And District/City Regional Regulations. For Secondary Legal Materials The Author Will Use All Documents Originating From Related Literature Books; Legal Dictionary; And Encyclopedia. Whereas Tertiary Legal Material, Which Will Be Used As A Reference, One Of Them Is All Legal Products Which Are Derivatives Of The Mandate Of Laws And Regulations As Mentioned In The Primary Legal Material. For Primary Data, What The Writer Uses As A Reference In This Journal Writing Is Based On All Data Obtained In The Field. Related To The Above, Some Thoughts And Opinions From Mahfud (2017) Who

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Affirms That Law Is A Tool. In This Case Mahfud (2017) Said That Law As A Tool Is A Law That Is A Legal Policy About Law That Will Be Applied Or Not Applied To Achieve The Goals Of The State. Regarding The Opinion That In The Context Of Realizing The Acceleration Of Regional Economic Growth Based On The Potential Of Local Value In The Riau Islands Province, Specifically Addressed To The Riau Islands Provincial Government Must Be Immediately And Proactively To Carry Out The Process Of Forming The Regional Regulation Perda/Law Making Process Will Be Used As A Tool In The Context Of Implementing Its Legal Arrangements.

1.3. The Dimension Of Legal Political Paradigm

The Definition Of Paradigm Is The Definition That Was Put Forward By Thomas S. Kunt In The 1940s. Related To The Existence And Importance Of This Paradigm Idham, (2004, 2018) Such A Way Related To The Implementation Of Land Consolidation. He Stated That Even Though The Paradigm That Would Be Developed To Form A Future Land Consolidation Law Would Involve Active Participation Of The Community, In Its Implementation It Still Faced Obstacles, Because The Indonesian Nation Is Currently In A Dilemma, Even At The Level Of Paradigm Shock Shock Of Paradigm. In The Meantime, The Writer Can Explain, Even Though The Word Development For The Majority Of People Already Knows About It, But The Series Of Development Activities Since Independent Indonesia August 17, 1945 To The Present, If It Is Seen In Plain View, The Actual Results Of The Long Series Of Development Activities Are Not Yet Able To Realize National Ideals, Namely The Creation Of A State Of Economic Growth In The Region, Namely In Order To Realize A Prosperous Country, And Specifically For The People In Riau Islands, From The Results Of Development Activities It Has Not Been Able To Make A Significant Contribution To Realizing A Prosperous Kepri People. Regarding This Matter, Fakih (2001), Has Emphasized That Development Is A Word Used To Explain The Process And Effort To Improve The Economic, Political, Cultural, Legal And Community Life (Fakih, 2001). In Line With This Matter Mochtar Kusumaatmadja, Has Also Reminded That In Fact The Law Must Be Able To Come Forward, Show Direction And Provide A Way For Renewal Mochtar Kusumaatmadja, 2002.

In Relation To The Matter Intended To Carry Out The Acceleration Of Development In The Kepri Province Region By Raising The Potential Of The Local Value Of The Region, One Of Its Objectives Is In Order To Accelerate The Economic Growth Of The People In The Region, It Is Also Highly Dependent On The Value And Quality Of Public Policies Implemented By The Government Of Riau Islands Province. This Is M. Solly Lubis, Who Has Mentioned The Importance Of Public Policy. In This Case He Said, Why Is It Called Public Policy ?, So Called Because There Is A Public Interest That Must Be Served Through The Policy M. Solly Lubis, 1996. In The Meantime, And In Accordance With The Geographical Conditions Of The Kepri Province Region, It Consists Mostly Of Marine Areas, So In The Context Of Developing Local Potentials Of This Area, Elfrindy Et Al., (2009) Have Been Reminded. Conduct An Analysis Of The Portrait Of Poverty And The Action Handling Program In The Book Management Of Islands And Coastal Development, He Said: The Problem Of Poverty Is Part Of The Problem Of The Islands. To Understand More Specifically, This Chapter Presents How The Ins And Outs Of The Islands Are Poverty. By Looking At Natuna As A Study Case. In Relation To This, The Following Is Quoted As Part Of The Issue In The Natuna Regency In Question, Namely 'Some People Say That If All Income Received From The Produce Is Returned To Natuna Then Natuna Regency Will Equal Brunei In Terms Of Wealth As Well As The Natuna People Will Have A Level Of Welfare Which Is Quite High (Elfrindy Et Al., 2009). In Line With This, In Fact The State Of The Economic Capacity Of The People Who Live And Reside In The Islands And In The Coastal Areas, In Fact The Ability Of Their Purchasing Power Is Very Low.

1.4. Basic Analysis Of Regional Economic Growth Acceleration

Associated With Some Fundamental Variables In The Context Of Implementing The Intended Policy Program That Is In An Effort To Implement The Legal Political Paradigm Dimension To Accelerate Regional Economic Growth Based On The Potential Of Local Values, Especially In The Territory Of Riau Islands Province, Actually If It Is Analyzed Concretely In The Field It Is Closely Related To The Dimensions Of The Implementation Of The Government System In The Regional Autonomy Regime. In Line With This By Haw.

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Widjaja (2002), When Giving An Opinion About The Explanation Of Regional Autonomy Is Very Closely Related To The Formulation Of Public Policy As Intended By The Author Above. It Is Interesting To Note From Haw. Widjaja (2002) Is: Intended, That The Autonomous Region Is A Legal Community Unit That Has Certain Regional Boundaries Authorized To Regulate And Manage The Interests Of The Local Community According To Their Own Initiative Based On The Aspirations Of The People In The Bond Of The Unitary Republic Of Indonesia. He Further Said, The Regional Government, With Autonomy Is A Process Of Transition From A Deconcentration System To A Decentralized System. The Process Of Centralizing To Decentralization Is Basically Not Merely Administrative Decentralization, But Also The Political And Socio-Cultural Fields (Widjaja, 2002). At The Same Time, Tarmizi Et Al (2017) Has Put Forward One Of The Models He Offered Related To The Public Policy-Making Process, Which He Said: From The Various Models Offered Actually The Core Of The Naturalistic Public Policy-Making Process Is How Complex The Reality That Is In Society As Much As Possible Accommodated In A Series Of Policy Scenarios That Will Be Created. Unlike In The Positivistic Approach Which Tends To Reduce Many Things In Social Reality And Is Only Fixated On Mere Technical Calculations (Putra, 2003).

On The Other Hand, To Accelerate The Realization Of The Legal Political Paradigm Dimension To Accelerate Regional Economic Growth Based On The Potential Of Local Values In The Riau Islands Province, In The Opinion Of The Author, It Is Also Closely Related To The Moral Commitment Of Bureaucrat Officials In All Levels Of The Riau Islands Provincial Government. Strong Attitude And Morality And Are Responsible For Carrying Out All Legal Arrangements Consistently In Order To Realize All Goals, Goals And Objectives To Be Achieved. Relevant To This, Eisenberg (1991) Said The Moral Norms That Characterize Conduct As Right Or Wrong Provide A Ready Illustration Of The Different Ways In Which Social Propositions Figure In Judicial Reasoning. Meaning: That Moral Norms Are Propositions That Describe Good Behavior Or Bad Behavior In Society (Eisenberg, 1991). In The Meantime, And Specifically On This Matter Can Also Be Integrated With The Thoughts And Opinions Asserted Of Hart (1988): The Claim That Between Law And Morality Is Important, Not All Of Them Conspicuous For Their Clarity. From This Opinion It Can Be Concluded That There Is A Significant Relationship Between Law And Morality, But The Relationship Needs An In-Depth Explanation. In The Context Of Implementing Regional Autonomy, Especially To Prevent The Occurrence Of National Disintegration, Then Any Public Official Who Runs The Administrative System Of Government Administration, Is Required To Have Legal Behavior And At The Same Time Have Good Moral Integrity (Hart, 1988). Development Was Originally Interpreted As Economic Growth, So This Perception Gave Birth To An Understanding Of The Need For High Levels Of Economic Growth. Therefore A Country Is Said To Be Successful In Carrying Out Development, If The Economic Growth Of The Community Is High Enough. To Measure The Level Of Economic Growth, What Is Measured Is The Level Of Productivity Of The Country Each Year. Economically This Measure Of Productivity Uses Gross National Product (Gnp) And Gross Domestic Product Or Gross Domestic Product (Muda Et Al., 2020).

Methodology

This Type Of Research Is Qualitative. Qualitative Research Is Research That Intends To Understand The Phenomenon Of What Is Experienced By The Subject Of The Study Such As Behavior, Perception, Motivation, Action. Qualitative Research Has Two Main Objectives, The First Is, Describing And Revealing And The Second Is Describing And Explaining. Broadly Speaking, Research Can Be Grouped According To Several Aspects. Some Of These Aspects Are Aspects Of The Objectives, Method Aspects, And Aspects Of The Study. Based On The Approach, Broadly Divided Into Two Types Of Research, Qualitative Research And Quantitative Research. Both Have Different Assumptions, Characteristics And Research Procedures. In This Unit The Speaker Will Present One Of Two Research Approaches, Namely, Qualitative Research And Its Types Which Include Interactive Qualitative Research And Non Interactive Qualitative Research. Qualifications And Types Of Writing Methods That The Writer Will Use, Must Be In Accordance With And Based On The Scientific Method (Kountur, 2003), Which Confirms That The Scientific Method Scientific Method Is A Way Of Acquiring New Knowledge Or A Way To Answer

Research Problems Which Is Done Scientifically. In Line With This, That Journal Writing Methodology, Especially If It Is Reviewed In Terms Of Its Nature, Is Normative Legal Writing. For This Normative Legal Writing, The Previous Author Will Carry Out Activities By Conducting Library Studies, By Collecting All The Secondary Data Needed, Namely Primary Legal Materials, Secondary Legal Materials And Tertiary Legal Materials, And Secondary Data For Later Used As A Base Material Soekanto And Mamudji, (2015) In The Intended Normative Legal Writing Method.

Relevant To The Explanation Above, And To Be Further Integrated With Efforts To Obtain Accuracy For The Results Of This Journal Writing, It Is Not Enough In The Writing Methodology Perspective Only To Rely On The Type Of Normative Legal Writing, But Again To Obtain More Valid Data Accuracy Simultaneously Supported By Sociological Empirical Legal Writing. This Sociological Emphasis Of Writing Is Also Integrated With The Orientation Of Legal Functions In A Sociological Perspective (Qamar Et Al, 2016). In The Context Of Sociological Empirical Legal Writing That The Data Needed By The Writer Is Primary Data, Of Course What The Writer Obtained Based On The Results Of Interviews With Respondents In The Field. The Content Asked In The Context Of Carrying Out The Interview Is Some Of The Construction Problems As Will Be Analyzed In This Journal. On The Other Hand, It Can Also Be Explained Basically In The Realm Of Law, The Type Of Methodology Is Also Related To The Type Of Writing That Will Be Carried Out. This Is Intended By The Author, If The Type Of Methodology Is Qualitative Then Philosophically Bungin, (2003) The Basis Of The Argument For Analysis Must Use Secondary Data, Which Consists Of Primary Legal Materials, Secondary Legal Materials And Tertiary Legal Materials. Whereas, If The Type Of Methodology Is Quantitative, Then In The Context Of Carrying Out Its Analysis The Required Data Is Primary Data Obtained Based On The Results Of Interviews In The Field, One Of Which Is By Using Grounded Research In Mps.

4. Results And Discussion

4.1. Result

In The Analysis Section Of This Problem, Related To The Description And/Or Explanation That Will Be Presented By The Author, One Of Which Is To Remain Firmly In Line With The Things Described Earlier In The Section Above. This Means That The Writer Will Remain Consistent To Refer And At The Same Time Use Two Parameters Of The Problems That Have Been Qualified, And Subsequently In Coherent Ways (Zain, 2001) Will Be Explained As Summarized In The Section Below.

4.1.1. Paradigm Of Political Development Law In Riau Islands Province Kepri To Accelerate Regional Economic Growth

In Order To Further Analyze The Very Fundamental And Strategic Matters As Intended Above, In The Opinion Of The Previous Author, An Analysis Of Several Important Aspects Is Needed:

4.1.1.1. Role Of Paradigm In Development Activities

One Of The Important Things That Need To Be Explored In This Section Is The Existence Of A Paradigm. The Position Of This Paradigm Is Very Strategic And Determines The Direction And Objectives Of Achieving The Ideals Of Development Itself. On The Other Hand, The Existence Of The Paradigm Also Acts As A Tool Or Tool For Monitoring And Evaluating The Entire Series Of Processes Carried Out Empirically In The Field From All Stages Of The Development Activity. The End Result Of This Monitoring And Evaluation Is To Maintain The Consistency Of The Development Process In Order To Ensure The Acceleration Of Achievement Of The Goals That Have Been Set. So Strategic And The Importance Of The Existence Of The Paradigm As Intended In The Context Of The Implementation Of Development Activities, The Following Before The Description Of Further Explanation About The First Problem Should Be Explored About The Meaning Of The Paradigm Itself. The Word Paradigm (Idham, 2004) Comes From The Latin Paradigm, Which Means The Pattern. In Terms Of The Pattern Referred To Shows Two Fundamental Notions, Namely: - As A Totality Of Constellation Of Thoughts Beliefs, Values, Perceptions And Techniques Adopted By Academics And Practitioners Of Certain Disciplines That Influence The Way Of Looking At A Reality; And - As A Human Effort To Solve The Secrets Of Science That Is Able To Overturn All Existing Assumptions And Rules.

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Returning To The Fundamental And Strategic Substance Above, Of Course It Is Focused On A Big Question That Is How Should The Development Activities In Riau Islands Province Kepri Be Carried Out, In An Effort To Accelerate The Realization Of Economic Growth In The Regions? This First Analysis That Needs To Be Emphasized Is Related To The Existence And Implementation Of The Paradigm Itself In The Context Of The Activities Of All Aspects Of Development In Kepri Province. Formally, The Basis Of All Development Activities In Indonesia, Including Development Activities Carried Out In Kepri Province, Actually It Already Has A Solid Foundation Both Formally And Materially. Formally The Foundation Is Guided By All Forms Of Legislation That Have Been Established In The Field Of Development (Fakih, 2001) And Materially That The Development Activities Really Exist And Are Carried Out In The Field.

Relevant To The Things That Have Been Explained Above, In Terms Of Carrying Out An Analysis Of The Paradigm, It Is Related To The Basis Of All Activities In The Development Process In Indonesia, Including The Implementation Of Development In Kepri Province, In Fact Must Pay Attention To Two Main Anchor Points, Namely: First Pay Attention Paradigm Constellation In A Philosophical Perspective. In The Author's Opinion The Existence Of A Paradigm In This Perspective Is Also Called The Term Phylosophy Of Paradigm, Or Philosophical Paradigm. This Philosophical Paradigm Qualification, In Fact Is The Responsibility Of Pancasila Values As The Basis Of The State; As The Soul And Personality Of The Nation; As The Philosophy Of The Nation And The View Of Life Of The Nation Must Be Implemented In The Whole Series Of Processes Of Development Activities In Indonesia In Order To Realize The Acceleration Of The Achievement Of Economic Growth In The Regions, Nations And Countries That Are Prosperous, Equitable, Prosperous And Dignified.

Both Paradigms In The Constellation Are Constitutional / Juridical. In The Opinion Of The Author The Existence Of The Paradigm In This Qualification Is The Application Of The Paradigm In The Material Approach Concrete, Real Factual In The Field Of All The Series Of Development Activities. On The Other Hand The Paradigm In This Approach Can Also Be Interpreted As Constitutional Of Paradigm Or Constitutional Paradigm. At This Level, The Implementation Of The Paradigm Referred To In The Implementation And Running Of The Entire Set Of Development Processes Is More Tangible And Clearly Visible In The Field. This Means That The Entire Series Of Development Activities Must Be Carried Out In Guiding All The Mandates Affirmed In The State Constitution, Namely The 1945 Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia. Relevant To This, The Entire Series Of Development Activities In The Kepri Province Should Be Relevant To All Development Activities. Whose Budget Is Sourced From The Regional Budget Apbd Of Kepri Province Must Refer / Based On The Mandate Of The State Constitution Referred To And In Line With It Must Also Be Based On All Laws And Regulations As A Legal Basis Kusumaatmadja (2002) Positive For Carrying Out Development Activities In Kepri Province. Following This, The Writer Will Explain The Thought Flow Of The Process And Stages Of Development Implementation In The Riau Islands Province, As Presented By The Author In Diagram 1 Below:

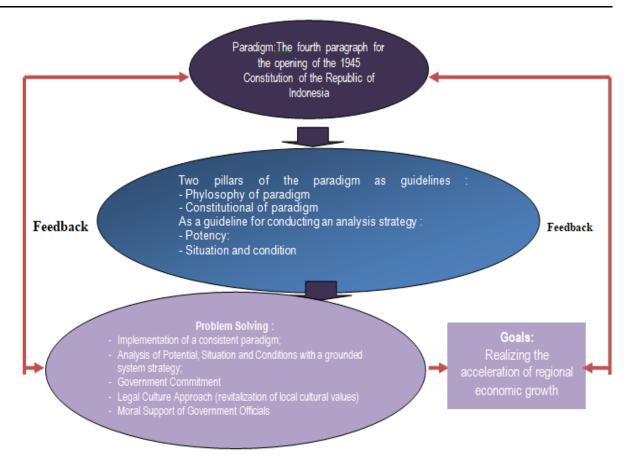


Figure 1. Strategy Diagram For The Acceleration Of Economic Growth Of Local Communities Based On Local Value Potential In Riau Islands Province

4.1.2. Analysis In Potential Perspectives, Situations And Conditions

The Activity Of Analyzing The Potential, Situation And Conditions Before The Implementation Of The Entire Series Of Development Activities Is A Priority To Be Carried Out By The Provincial Government Of Kepri Before Carrying Out The Development Activities In The Field. There Are At Least Some Important Things That Need To Be Verified And Identified By The Kepri Provincial Government Before The Development Activities Are Carried Out, Namely One Of Them: Riau Islands Has Strategic And Dominant Marine Resources; Kepri As The Leading Portrait Of The Unitary State Of The Republic Of Indonesia As An Archipelago State; Kepri Has Potential Oil And Gas Resources; Kepri Has A Noble Teak Resources That Are Very Noble, Especially In The Historical Perspective, The Origin Of Malay Tribe Which Is One Of The Main Cultures That Is A Reference In The Perspective Of National Cultural Potential In Indonesia And Kepri Is The Front Door In The Constellation Of World Trade Developments In International Trade.

The Results Of Verification/Identification Of All Potential Resources As Intended Above, For The Next Kepri Government Formulated In A Strategic Study Presented In The Form Of A Blue Print-Road Map Which Is A Complete Foundation Line And Used As A Basis For Carrying Out All Development Activities In The Kepri Province. In The Process Approach That Prioritizes A System Approach, That Blue Print Which Is The Result Of Verification / Identification, Must Be Disseminated To All Levels Of Society In The Kepri Province Region With A Populist, Humanist And Transparent Approach. The Series Of Dissemination Is Important. The Definition Of Dissemination Is An Action Or Work Carried Out By A Particular Person Or Group And/Or Certain Institution, To Explain As Well As Ask For Input From All Levels Of Society Towards A Draft Public Policy That Will Be Implemented. This Means That In This Stage Of Dissemination, The Product Of Public Policy That Will Be Produced Is Still In Draft Form. Whereas For Public Policy Products That Have Been Approved In The Political Process And Have Become Public Policies That Have Been Ratified, All Series Of Work Carried Out By A Particular Person Or Institution To Explain

The Substance Of The Policy In Question Is Called The Work Of Socialization. The Approach With This Model Needs To Be Done, Because Experience Shows That If The Blue Print Is Processed Only Emphasizes The Formal Approach, Which Is Done With The Approval Of The Kepri Provincial People's Representative Council, Often The Results Are Not Optimal. This Means That With This Process There Is A Clash Of Information Flow To The Realm Of Life In All Walks Of Life, Because Often The Political Process Carried Out Does Not Involve Active Participation From All Levels Of Society. Therefore, There Must Be Proactive Steps From The Kepri Provincial Government To Carry Out The Blue Print Dissemination Activities In All Levels Of Social Institutions And People's Lives Throughout The Kepri Region.

Blue Print Regarding The Potential As Intended Above In The Approach To The Process Of Public Administration And Government Management, That The Process Control Center Is Structurally Carried Out And Is The Responsibility Of The Relevant Regional Development Planning Agency. In This Position The Role Of The Regional Development Planning Agency, Especially In The Context Of Public Policy Formulation Plays An Important And Strategic Role. The Fast Or Slow Movement Of Development Activities In The Area, In Principle, Is Very Much Determined By The Performance And Integrity Of The Regional Development Planning Board Itself. And In The Public Policy Perspective Lubis, 1996 And The Implementation Of The Administration Of Development And Government Management Systems, All Planning Results Contained In The Blue Print, Are The Basis For The Drafting Of The Budget For Development Activities. And This Is At The Same Time The Basis For Determining The Draft Regional Budget Rapbd Which Is Politically In The Perspective Of The People's Sovereignty State The Rapbd Must Get Approval From The People's Legislative Assembly To Be Legalized As Apbd And Made By Regional Regulation Separately.

The Next Step Is From The Analysis Stage In This Section, To Further Conduct An Analytical Activity In Focus For All Things Related To The Scope Of The Situations And Conditions Contained In People's Lives. Analysis Of The Existence Of These Situations And Conditions Is Also An Important Action, Because Without Analyzing In This Section That The Formulation Of The Blueprint For Public Policy In Its Implementation Will Experience Shocks And Will Even Occur Counter-Productive And At The Same Time As An Obstacle To Accelerate The Realization Of Economic Growth In The Community. Regions And At The Same Time This Can Accelerate The Realization Of National Ideals. In This Position The Analysis Carried Out Must Be Truly Pure And What It Is In Capturing The Situation And Conditions That Exist In The Midst Of People's Lives. The Factual Conditions That Occur At This Time, Especially In Riau Islands, Are: Still Low Levels Of Economic, Social, Legal And Political Life For Coastal Communities; Still The Lack Of Kepri Sea Transportation Modes As An Island Province; There Is Still A Need To Increase Harmonization Of Synergies, Especially Between The Batam City Government And The Batam Regional Bp Area Management Agency, In Relation To The Division Of The Main Tasks, Functions And Authorities; Problems That Arise After The Enactment Of The Law On Ftz Free Trade Zone; Problems That Still Occur Frequently In The Land Sector. Problems In The Land Sector Often Appear Surface Related To The Allocation Permit, The Land Registration Process For Determining Tax Costs After The Enactment Of Law No. 28 Of 2009 Concerning Regional Taxes And Regional Retributions; Problems Of Unemployment, Poverty: The Low Purchasing Power Of Coastal And Island Communities: Service Issues In The Health Sector; Problems In The Field Of Education, Due To Limited Modes Of Inter-Island Transportation For Remote And Inland Areas And The Problem Of Regional Regulation On Kepri Provincial Spatial Planning Based On Law No.26 Of 2007, Concerning Spatial Planning.

In The Following Sections The Author Will Explain Specifically That In Reality Empirically In The Field, Especially In Terms Of The Purchasing Power Of People Who Live And Reside And Permanently Settle In The Archipelago, In Reality The Ability To Buy Is Very Low. Based On The Results Of The Author's Verification In The Field, Which Is Based On The Results Of Interviews Primary Data With M. Sahid Yusri, Head Of Community Unit 1, Batu Besar Village, Nongsa District, Batam City, Riau Islands Province, Which Interview Was Conducted By The Author On 7 August 2018, At 3:30 P.M. West Indonesia Time, Located At The House Of The Head Of The Rukun Warga 1. From The Results Of The

Interview, It Was Obtained Information That In Terms Of Work And Livelihood, Most Of The People Living On The Islands Generally Worked As Fishermen. At The Same Time, At This Time The Ability Of Fishermen To Increase Their Fish Catch Is Helpless, Because Ships And Other Equipment Used To Catch Fish Cannot Function Properly, And Fishing Is Needed A Considerable Distance From The Coastline. Because For The Coastal Areas The Sea Water Has Been Contaminated. Some Of These Conditions For The Next M.Sahid Yusri Said As The Main Cause That The Purchasing Power Of People Living In The Archipelago Was Very Low. To Get Accurate Data About This, The Author Presents The Data, Which Compares That The Purchasing Power Of People Living In Island Areas Is Very Low Compared To The Ability Of People Living In The Capital City Of The State, Namely The Special Capital Region Of Jakarta. Other Information Obtained By The Author From The Results Of The Interview, That At This Time It Was Felt That There Was A Significant Decline In The Purchasing Power Of The People, Namely The Current Stop Of Production From Several Industrial Plants, Especially In The Batam City Area. So That With This Situation And Circumstances, There Will Be An Increase In The Number Of Unemployed. With Regard To This Matter, Once Again In This Section The Author Presents A Very Low View Of The Purchasing Power Of Island Communities When Compared To The Purchasing Power Index For People Who Live And Reside In Urban Areas, Especially For People In The Province Of The Special Capital Region Of Jakarta, Contained In Table 1.

Table 1. Compared Regional Purchasing Power Index With Jakarta 2004-2007

	Purchasing	Purchasing	Index With Jakarta	
Area	Power 2004	Power 2007	2004	2007
Mentawai	589,9	598,3	1.0478	1.0376
Pariaman	613,8	621,35	1.007	0.9991
Simeulue	596,2	613,4	1.0367	1.0121
Aceh Selatan	588,2	596,2	1.0508	1.0413
Nias	589,4	593,9	1.0486	1.0453
South Tapanuli	612,8	631,4	1.0086	0.9832
Riau Island	613,9	637	1.0068	0.9745
Natuna	596,3	608	1.0365	1.0211
Batam	634,2	640,2	0.9746	0.9696
Seribu Island	569,2	583,7	1.0859	1.0635
North Jakarta	617,6	632,8	1.0008	0.981
Jakarta	618,1	620,8	1	1

Source: Management Of Islands And Coastal Development. (Elfrindy Et Al., 2009).

Especially Regarding The Implementation Of Ftz In Kepri Province, The Situation And Conditions Felt By The People Today Have Not Experienced Much Change To Improve The Quality Of Public Services, Which Leads To An Increase In The Welfare Of Social Life For All People And Communities In The Riau Islands. Although The Efforts Made By The Provincial Government Of Kepri Have Carried Out A Series Of Proactive Activities To Urge The Central Government To Produce Law As A Tool (Mahfud, 2017) And At The Same Time Constitute A Series Of Public Policies Through Various Laws And Regulations, But The Results Of The Process Are Back Again If Measured From The Parameters Of Improving The Quality Of Public Services And Improving The Welfare Of The Social Life Of The People In Kepri It Has Not Been Seen Clearly In The Field Which Gives A Positive Nuance Of Change From All Aspects Of Life In Kepri Province And Especially The City Of Batam.

On The Basis Of An Analysis Of The Potential Of The Resource And At The Same Time An Analysis Of The State Of The Situation And Conditions In The Field, The Whole Series Of Analytical Activities From The Two Components Is Carried Out Internally In The Form Of Constructive And Integrated Interaction, Which In Parallel Results Of This Interaction Are Synergized With The Whole Series Of Process Movements Development Activities In Kepri Province With A Goal That Culminates In The Results Of The Interaction Must Be Able To Become A Leading Locomotive To Accelerate In Order To Realize National Ideals As Mandated In The Opening Of

The 1945 Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia As Mentioned In The Section Above.

4.1.3. Development In Riau Islands Province Kepri Based On Potential Local Values

Construction Of Content And/Or Substance In The Section Above, Is One Of The Important And Strategic Substances To Get Factual, Concrete And Empirical Analysis Related To The Implementation Of Development In Kepri Province, Because The Results Of The Whole Process Of Development Activities Are To Realize Welfare (Elfrindy Et Al., 2009) Justice And Protection Of Dignity, All Of Which Are Intended And For The Sake Of Humanity And Humanity Which Are All Human Beings And Objects Of Development In Their Daily Lives. The Day Basically Grows And Develops And Ends Again At The Point Of Vortex Of Local Values And/Or The Potential Values Of The Local Wisdom That They Possess.

In The Perspective Of Public Policy That In Carrying Out All Series Of Development Activities In The Sense That The Implementation Of Development In The Province Of Riau Islands Is No Exception The Main Foundation As A Base Must Move From The Basic Point Of Local Values And Or Local Wisdom From Living Law, Customs That Are Still Guided In Social Life Of The People In The Riau Islands Province. For The Riau Islands Province The Opportunity To Move From The Point Of Local Cultural Values In Carrying Out The Development Program Actually Has Enormous Potential.

This Is Intended By The Author, That The Riau Islands Have Very Strategic Local Resource Potential Resources, As The Center Of Malay Culture In Indonesia, Which Is A Legacy Of The Hero Of The Cultural Fighter Who Waged Indonesian Raja Ali Haji On Penyengat Island. If The Cultural Potential Of The Riau Islands Provincial Government Is To Sustainably And Consistently Carry Out Maintenance; Protection And Struggle To Carry Out The Restoration Of The Culture Of Local Values In All Aspects And Processes Of Development Activities In The Riau Islands Province, In The Opinion Of The Author, The Matter Is Intended To Be An Energy Potential Driving Force To Realize The Successful Implementation Of Development Itself And At The Same Time Able To Maintain Noble Identity, Soul And Personality Nation's Children In An Effort To Give Birth To A Society That Is Prosperous, Just And Dignified. Relevant To This, And Integrated With The Notes Of The Author In Question, The Latest Development Is Very Encouraging That At Present The Governor Of The Riau Islands Province M. Sani, Has Provided An Atmosphere Of Local Cultural Values That Are Used As A Paradigm In Formulating, Implementing And Evaluating All Development Processes And Activities In The Riau Islands Province, By Raising And Instilling The Spirit Of Local Cultural Values Malay Heritage Of National Heroes, The Father Of Malay Culture Of Raja Ali Haji. In October 2011, The Author Gave An Appreciation To The Governor Of Riau Islands Who Had Performed The Verses Of The Gurindam Verse-Verse Twelve Relics Of Raja Ali Haji In Front Of The University Of Batam Academic Community In The Graduation Ceremony Of The 2010-2011 Academic Year Alumni At The University Of Batam. According To The Authors Note The Proactive Steps Taken By The Governor Of Riau Islands Are Intended To Raise The Paradigm Of Local Cultural Values Into The Development System In The Riau Islands Province Is Expected To Provide New Energy Reflections From All Levels Of Stake Holders In The Riau Islands Province In Order To Support The Realization Of The Acceleration Of The Ideals Of Development Itself.

4.2. Discussion

Efforts To Make The Potential Of Local Cultural Values Referred To Which Encourage All Series Of Processes Of Development Activities In Riau Islands In The Opinion Of The Author Is Very Important And Strategic. In Order To Ensure The Sustainability That Local Values Are Intended To Be The Basis/Paradigm In Formulating Development Policies In The Riau Islands Province, The Following Actions Are Needed:

4.2.1. Government Commitment

The Support, Willingness And Commitment And Spirit Of The Government Towards The Implementation Of Local Cultural Values As The Basis Of Development Activities In Riau Islands Are The Main Or Most Important Parameters. The Role Of The Government In This Matter Is A Necessity That Cannot Be Denied Anymore Because In The Approach Of Formulating Public Policy, Based On The Mandate And The Order Of The Constitution Of The 1945 Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia, It Is The Government's Obligation. Therefore, The Main Driving Force To Make Local Cultural Values Referred To As A Paradigm In Formulating Development Policies In The Riau Islands Province In An Epistimology Approach Is In The Hands And Shoulders Of The Government. The Epistimology Approach Intended By The Author Is Based On The Process Of Formulating The Said Public Policy. The Process That Must Be Carried Out By The Government In The Context Of Formulating And Establishing Public Policies Are The Main Parameters Are: Using A System Approach; Prioritizing Participatory Approaches; Prioritizing Responsive Approaches; Using A Populist Approach; And Using A Humanist Approach.

The Five Package Approaches Of Widjaja (2002) As Intended Are The Parameters That Must Be Driven In A Whole, Dynamic And Systemic Manner. The System Approach Is Intended That The Use Of Local Cultural Values In Formulating Development Policies Must Not Be Carried Out Partially, Part By Section. The Participatory Approach Meant That All Components Of Society In Riau Islands From All Existing Social Institutions Must Be Actively Included In Formulating Public Policy. In This Case The Government Does Not Only Rely On The Political Process In The Local House Of Representatives. This Means That The Government Must Diversify Collectively To The Community By Involving Active Participation To Formulate Public Policies That Are Enacted By The Government With The Mechanism Of Dissemination, Approaches With This Model As Well As The Government Has Carried Out A Responsive Approach; Populist And Humanist.

The Focus Of The Development Of Regional Economies With Medium And Long Term Orientation Will Potentially Have A Significant Multiplier Effect On The National Economy. Based On Bappenas Data, The Potential For Development Contributions In The Region Will Be Able To Drive 60% Of The National Economy. This Is Very Significant And The Role Of Development In This Area Will Greatly Determine The Success Of The Country's Economy. National Economic Growth Will Not Be Maximized If Regional Contributions Have Not Been Optimized. The Downward Revision Of Current Economic Growth Is More Due To Differences In Decision Making And Policy Formulation Between The Central Vs. Regional Government Regarding The Balance Of Participation And Their Contribution To The Economy In The Aggregate. The Focus Of Local Economic Development Is To Create And Manage Multi-Stakeholder Processes That Occur In Local And Regional Urban Economies. Regions And Regions Are Faced With Two Mayor Trends In The Opposite Direction: Internationalization And Decentralization. Internationalization Exacerbates Interactions Between Global And Local Levels, But Operates Selectively. This Only Includes Actors Who Participate In Networks Where The Competitiveness Is Constant Transformation And Restructuring. Decentralization Is A Means To Overcome Complexity And Reaction To Evolving Demands For Greater Response And Sustainability By Citizens, Clients And Consumers. Both Trends Have Changed The Way In Which Stakeholders Relate To Each Other In The Local And Regional Economies. Competition And Cooperation Are Mixed In Relations Between Companies, Between Companies And Countries And Non-State Actors. The Concern Of The Central Government For Sustainable Local Economic Development Is To Create Synergies Between Policies And Interventions From Businesses, Countries And Non-State Actors Or Civic. This Comes Together Around Special Opportunities For Local Economic Development For Small And Medium-Sized Businesses.

One Of The Weaknesses Of The Current Indonesian Economy Is The Weak Integrity Of The Internal Structure Of The Domestic Economy, As Evidenced By The

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Imbalance Of The Contribution/Responsibility Balance Between The Central And Regional Governments. If The Government Is Fair In Terms Of Balancing The Participation/Contribution Of The Central-Region, It Is Possible That External Turmoil Will Continue To Spread To The Domestic, But With Longer And Stronger Defenses, Of Course Compared To The Conditions Of Unequal Contributions.

4.2.2. Legal Culture Approach

The Strategy Of The Legal Culture Approach In An Effort To Dismantle, Encourage, Revitalize Even In Restoring The Strength Of Local Cultural Values That Are Still Living In The Social Fabric Of People's Lives, And Hence The Value Of Local Culture Will Be Used As One Of The Potential Energies In Formulating Public Policy About Development In The Province Of Riau Islands, In The Opinion Of The Writer Is One Of The Strategies That Is Very Feasible To Be Implemented. In The Perspective Of The Principles And Strategies Of Public Policy Making It Is Absolutely Necessary. The Consideration Is That All The Work On Development Activities, If It Does Not Get Support From The Local Community Who Still Highly Uphold The Potential Of Local Values. Putra (2003) That Exist And Live In The Community, Then When The Public Policy On Development Is Carried Out In The Field It Is Estimated That There Will Be Challenges, Obstacles And Even At The Same Time Become Obstacles Or Blockages To Accelerate The Achievement Of Development Goals Themselves, Vide Article 32 Paragraph 1 And Paragraph 2 Of The 1945 Constitution. On The Other Hand In The Use Of A Public Policy-Making System, In The Conceptual Theoretical Approach The Things Mentioned Above Are In Line With The Grounded System Model, Meaning That Public Policy Making With This Model Is Prioritizing The Very Decisive Parameters That Originate From The Pulse Of The Local Cultural Values. / Local Wisdom That Lives In The Community. Whereas One More Model Is Fragmatism System. This Model, In The Process Of Making Public Policy Including Formulating Development Policies, The Process Of Making And Implementing It Is Carried Out In A Fragmatic Approach, Meaning That This Model Only Emphasizes The Acceleration Of The Implementation Of Development Itself, Not Too Concerned With The Results, Values Of All Development Processes And Implementation Intended.

From The Two Models Of The Public Policy-Making Process As Intended Above, A Conclusion Can Be Drawn, If The Process Of Making And Implementing Public Policies Including In The Case Of Carrying Out Development Activities Is Carried Out By Applying A Grounded System Model, It Is Estimated That The Implementation Is More Grounded And The Results Have More Meaningful Value To The Interests The Community. Whereas If The Public Policy Making Process Is Carried Out With A Pragmatism System Model, Then In An Axiological Approach It Will Get Obstacles And Even Challenges From The Layers Of Society That Have Strong Local Values, And At The Same Time The Results Of The Implementation Of Development Activities In The Eyes And Heart Of The Community Do Not Contribute Meaningful Value.

4.2.3. Moral Support Of Government Officials

In The Constitutional And Juridical Paradigm Approach, That The Series Of Processes For Formulating And Implementing Development Activities Actually Must Rely On All The Laws And Regulations In Force In Indonesia. This Is In Line With The Constitutional Mandate, That The State Of Indonesia Is A State Of Law, Which In This Case Paradigmatically Indonesia In The Future Wants To Affirm And Strengthen And / Or Strengthen As A State Of Law And A State Based On The Constitution. The Approach As Intended Is Not Enough To Only Rely On The Paradigm That Has Been Affirmed In The Constitution, But In The Implementation Of The Process Of Public Policy Formulation And At The Same Time The Implementation Of Development Activities, It Is Necessary To Support A Strong Moral Base From Government Officials As Officials Implementing The Public Policy Itself. Related To This Matter, It Is Necessary To Get Attention For All Government Officials To Implement That All Norms Affirmed In The Country's Constitution Are Actually Built From The Basis Of Moral Norms (Eisenberg, 1991) With Good

Integrity Even The Building Of Moral Norms Has Value - Universal Values For All Nations And People In This Part Of The Earth.

Analysis Of Melvin Aron Eisenberg's Opinion, Although The Moral Norm Is A Proposition That Describes People's Behavior, In The Opinion Of The Writer In The Context Of The Formulation And Implementation Of Public Policy, Including One Of Them Concerning Development Activities Is Not Solely Expected To The Basis Of Moral Norms Of People's Lives Only. At The Same Time, When The Public Policy Has Entered The Stage Of Implementation In The Field It Is Necessary To Have Moral Support From Government Officials Acting As Implementers Of The Intended Public Policy, Including Implementing All The Development Activities. In Relation To The Implementation Of Regional Autonomy In Order To Carry Out All The Authority Granted By Law Number 32 Of 2004 Concerning Regional Government, That All Levels Of Public Officials In The Region To Implement Public Policies Including The Implementation Of Development Activities, In The Opinion Of The Authors, It Is Necessary To Support Moral Integrity (Hart, 1988) Good From Government Officials As Executors Of Public Policy Itself. Such Approaches And Attitudes From All Regional Public Officials In A Position To Accelerate The Achievement Of Development Outcomes In The Regions Are Absolutely Necessary, Because At The Level Of Implementation The Very Dominant Determinants Are On The Shoulders Of Government Officials. In This Case, The Community Can Only Supervise Through Its Representatives In The Local House Of Representatives. In This Section We Need To Be Aware Of All Government Officials In Indonesia, Including All Officials In The Riau Islands Province Kepri, It Is Fitting That In Formulating A Whole Series Of Public Policies Including In Formulating, Implementing A Whole Series Of Development Program Activities, It Must Carry Out Sincerely, And Good Faith With Absolute Support That Government Officials Must Have Good Moral Integrity. If This Is Reduced In Practice, It Is Very Concerned That The Acceleration Of The Realization Of National Ideals That Are Truly The Results Of Development In The Sense That It Is Intended For Humanity And Humanity, The Entire People Of The Republic Of Indonesia Will Experience Shocks In The Process Of Implementation, Even In The Matter Concerned Can Trigger The Actions Of The Community That Lead To Division, Even The Disintegration Of The Nation.

5. Conclusions

In This Concluding Section The Substance Will Be Constructed In The Form Of Conclusions And Suggestions, Namely As Follows: The Construction Can Be Concluded By The Author, Namely: Should The Implementation Of Development Activities In The Riau Islands Province Kepri, In An Effort To Accelerate The Realization Of Economic Growth In The Region, Of Course It Is At The Same Time Also In An Effort To Accelerate The Realization Of National Ideals; And In The Implementation Of Development In The Riau Islands Province Kepri, It Must Be Implemented By Prioritizing The Strengthening Of Potential Based On Local Values That Exist And Exist In The Territory Of Riau Islands Province. In The Meantime, It Was Concluded That In Order To Accelerate The Realization Of The National Ideals Of The Nation And The State Of Indonesia In Accordance With The Mandate Of The Constitution Of The Indonesian State Constitution Of The Republic Of Indonesia In 1945, In The Context Of Carrying Out The Acceleration Of Development In The Riau Islands Province, It Was Concluded To Do The Following: A Strong Commitment Is Needed From Government Officials To Hold Fast And With High Integrity In Terms Of Applying The Paradigm That Has Been Affirmed In The Constitution, Both In The Philosophy Of Paradigm Approach And In The Constitutional Of Paradigm Approach; And Are Required To Carry Out Factual And Concrete Analysis Activities On All Potential, Situations And Conditions That Exist In The Social Life Of The Community, In Order To Formulate And Implement And Evaluate/Monitor The Entire Series Of Development Activities In The Riau Islands Province.

Related To Some Of These Conclusions, The Author Gives Suggestions, Namely: Especially In Terms Of Carrying Out The Process Of Public Policy Formulation Including Development Activities In The Riau Islands Province, It Is Expected That Local Government Officials, Implement Approaches, And At The Same Time Strengthen The Base Of Local Values That Live In Community, By Prioritizing Systems And Strategies, Namely By: Commitment From The Government; Legal Culture Approach; And Moral Support Of Government Officials. In This Regard, Especially In Terms Of Implementing A Strategy To Formulate Policies For Accelerating Development In Kepri Province By Prioritizing The Foundation/Basis Of Local Cultural Values.

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